

# 1. Première Leçon

# Quiz

## Vocabulaire

1. clock \_\_\_\_\_
2. watch \_\_\_\_\_
3. hour \_\_\_\_\_
4. minute \_\_\_\_\_
5. quarter (as in quarter hour) \_\_\_\_\_
6. half (as in half hour) \_\_\_\_\_
7. always \_\_\_\_\_
8. often \_\_\_\_\_
9. now \_\_\_\_\_
10. early \_\_\_\_\_
11. late \_\_\_\_\_
12. always, still \_\_\_\_\_
13. not yet \_\_\_\_\_
14. noon \_\_\_\_\_
15. midnight \_\_\_\_\_

## Grammaire

Conjugate the following verbs in the present tense:

**donner**

**partir**

**rendre**

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

**être**

**avoir**

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## 2. Deuxième Leçon

## Quiz

### Vocabulaire

1. sports\_\_\_\_\_
2. sporting, sporty\_\_\_\_\_
3. team\_\_\_\_\_
4. soccer\_\_\_\_\_
5. prize, price\_\_\_\_\_
6. pool\_\_\_\_\_
7. stadium\_\_\_\_\_
8. gymnasium\_\_\_\_\_
9. bicycle\_\_\_\_\_
10. to play\_\_\_\_\_
11. go swimming\_\_\_\_\_
12. spectator\_\_\_\_\_
13. winner\_\_\_\_\_
14. loser\_\_\_\_\_
15. since\_\_\_\_\_

### Grammaire

Fill in the correct verb form.

1. J' \_\_\_\_\_ au gymnase.  
like to go
2. Vous \_\_\_\_\_ à la bibliothèque.  
are able to study

3. Ils \_\_\_\_\_ la France.  
want to visit

4. Elle \_\_\_\_\_.  
needs to talk

5. J' \_\_\_\_\_.  
feel like eating

6. Ils \_\_\_\_\_.  
are right to be afraid

7. Il \_\_\_\_\_ anglais.  
is impossible to speak

8. Il \_\_\_\_\_ à la piscine.  
is pleasant to go

# 3. Troisième Leçon

# Quiz

## Vocabulaire

1. but \_\_\_\_\_
2. and \_\_\_\_\_
3. for \_\_\_\_\_
4. as, since \_\_\_\_\_
5. therefore, consequently, so \_\_\_\_\_
6. or \_\_\_\_\_
7. because \_\_\_\_\_
8. while \_\_\_\_\_
9. since \_\_\_\_\_
10. when \_\_\_\_\_
11. if \_\_\_\_\_
12. then \_\_\_\_\_
13. next \_\_\_\_\_
14. neither/nor \_\_\_\_\_

## Grammaire

Make the following expressions negative:

1. Claudine \_\_\_\_\_ a \_\_\_\_\_ vu. (nothing)
2. Pierre \_\_\_\_\_ mange \_\_\_\_\_ de chocolat. (never)
3. Le magasin \_\_\_\_\_ a \_\_\_\_\_ des livres \_\_\_\_\_ des journaux. (neither/nor)
4. Nous \_\_\_\_\_ avons vu \_\_\_\_\_ le samedi passé (not anyone)

5. Vous \_\_\_\_\_ avez \_\_\_\_\_ de rhume. (not anymore)

6. Je \_\_\_\_\_ ai \_\_\_\_\_ idée de ce que vous avez dit (not any idea, no idea)

# 4. Quatrième Leçon

# Quiz

## Vocabulaire

- 1. to prefer \_\_\_\_\_
- 2. to sit down \_\_\_\_\_
- 3. to get up \_\_\_\_\_
- 4. to give \_\_\_\_\_
- 5. to receive \_\_\_\_\_
- 6. to send \_\_\_\_\_
- 7. clothes \_\_\_\_\_
- 8. tie \_\_\_\_\_
- 9. dress \_\_\_\_\_
- 10. sale, sales \_\_\_\_\_
- 11. clothing size \_\_\_\_\_
- 12. stylish \_\_\_\_\_
- 13. lovely, terrific \_\_\_\_\_
- 14. cute \_\_\_\_\_
- 15. dear, expensive \_\_\_\_\_

## Grammaire

Give the imperative for the following verbs:

**donner**

**envoyer**

**s'asseoir**

_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____

**se lever**

**être**

**avoir**

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

Translate into French:

You want to be president.

---

Here is President Chirac.

---

We are going to school on Thursday.

---

We go to school (every) Thursday.

---



# 5. Cinquième Leçon

# Quiz

## Vocabulaire

1. map of a country \_\_\_\_\_
2. train \_\_\_\_\_
3. passport \_\_\_\_\_
4. ticket \_\_\_\_\_
5. bus \_\_\_\_\_
6. hotel \_\_\_\_\_
7. to fly \_\_\_\_\_
8. to take \_\_\_\_\_
9. taxi \_\_\_\_\_
10. airport \_\_\_\_\_
11. station \_\_\_\_\_
12. railroad \_\_\_\_\_
13. suitcase \_\_\_\_\_
14. customs \_\_\_\_\_

## Grammaire

**Le passé composé** describes an action which is \_\_\_\_\_.

We form the **passé composé** by taking the \_\_\_\_\_ tense of **avoir** or **être** + the \_\_\_\_\_ of the verb.

For regular verbs ending in:

**er**, we drop the \_\_\_\_\_ and add \_\_\_\_\_

**ir**, we drop the final \_\_\_\_\_

**re**, we drop the \_\_\_\_\_ and add \_\_\_\_\_

# 7. Septième Leçon

# Quiz

## Vocabulaire

1. something \_\_\_\_\_
2. someone \_\_\_\_\_
3. some, certain ones \_\_\_\_\_
4. each one \_\_\_\_\_
5. all \_\_\_\_\_
6. with \_\_\_\_\_
7. other \_\_\_\_\_
8. why \_\_\_\_\_
9. last \_\_\_\_\_
10. how many? \_\_\_\_\_
11. also \_\_\_\_\_
12. a little \_\_\_\_\_
13. late, behind schedule \_\_\_\_\_
14. gift \_\_\_\_\_
15. other, another \_\_\_\_\_

## Grammaire

Give the demonstrative pronouns:

	Masculine	Feminine
Singular	_____	_____

Plural \_\_\_\_\_

Replace the words in bold type with the correct demonstrative pronoun and translate.

Prenez-vous **ce train**? Non, nous prenons \_\_\_\_\_  
(that one)

---

Aimes-tu **cette jupe** ? Non, j'aime \_\_\_\_\_  
(this one)

---

# 8. Huitième Leçon

# Quiz

## Vocabulaire

1. better, best \_\_\_\_\_
2. bad, worst \_\_\_\_\_
3. more, most \_\_\_\_\_
4. less, least \_\_\_\_\_
5. less, least (in importance) \_\_\_\_\_
6. as, the same as, equal to (comparing adjectives) \_\_\_\_\_
7. as much as (comparing verbs) \_\_\_\_\_
8. worse, worst \_\_\_\_\_
9. isn't it? \_\_\_\_\_
10. ancient, old, long standing; the former \_\_\_\_\_
11. young \_\_\_\_\_
12. strong, hard, stout, loud; strong-point (noun) \_\_\_\_\_
13. poor \_\_\_\_\_
14. rich \_\_\_\_\_
15. alone \_\_\_\_\_

## Grammaire

For each adjective or adverb, write the sentence in French using the correct comparative or superlative:

**riche**

---

*Benoit is richer (more rich) than Martine*

---

*Benoit is the richest (most rich).*

**fort**

---

*Michael is less strong than Nicholas*

---

*Michael is the least strong.*

**jeune**

---

*Nicole is as young as Solange.*

# 9. Neuvième Leçon

# Quiz

## Vocabulaire

1. United States\_\_\_\_\_
2. Italy\_\_\_\_\_
3. Germany\_\_\_\_\_
4. Great Britain\_\_\_\_\_
5. England\_\_\_\_\_
6. Spain\_\_\_\_\_
7. Netherlands\_\_\_\_\_
8. Belgium\_\_\_\_\_
9. Ireland\_\_\_\_\_
10. Canada\_\_\_\_\_
11. Mexico\_\_\_\_\_
12. Greece\_\_\_\_\_
13. Scotland\_\_\_\_\_
14. country, nation\_\_\_\_\_
15. homeland\_\_\_\_\_
16. state\_\_\_\_\_

## Grammaire

Write the sentence in French, using the correct comparative or superlative.

**bon**

---

*The bread is good.*

---

*The bread is better than the cookies.*

---

*The bread from Paris is the best.*

**mauvais**

---

*The weather is bad.*

---

*Today is worse than yesterday.*

---

*Today is the worst day of all.*

**pire** (abstraction)

---

*This problem is worse than the other.*

---

*It's the worst!*

**petit**

---

*The cat is small.*

---

*The cat is smaller than the dog.*

---

*The cat is the smallest (one).*

**moindre** (importance)

---



*Sports are of less importance than studies.*

---

*I don't have the least idea about that.*

# 10. Dixième Leçon

# Quiz

## Vocabulaire

1. American\_\_\_\_\_
2. Italian\_\_\_\_\_
3. German\_\_\_\_\_
4. British\_\_\_\_\_
5. English\_\_\_\_\_
6. Spanish\_\_\_\_\_
7. Dutch\_\_\_\_\_
8. Belgian\_\_\_\_\_
9. Irish\_\_\_\_\_
10. Canadian\_\_\_\_\_
11. Mexican\_\_\_\_\_
12. Greek\_\_\_\_\_
13. Parisian\_\_\_\_\_
14. person from Lyon\_\_\_\_\_
15. world\_\_\_\_\_
16. Scots (Scottish)\_\_\_\_\_

## Grammaire

Write the sentence in French, using the correct comparative or superlative.

**beaucoup**

---

*I study a lot.*

---

*I study more than you.*

---

*I study the most.*

**peu**

---

*He understands little.*

---

*He understands less than Nathalie.*

---

*He understands the least.*

**bien**

---

*Andrew sings well.*

---

*Andrew sings better than Bridget.*

---

*Andrew sings the best.*

**mal**

---

*She learns badly.*

---

*She learns worse than others.*

---

*She learns the worst.*

# 11. Onzième Leçon

# Quiz

## Vocabulaire

1. park \_\_\_\_\_
2. field \_\_\_\_\_
3. beach \_\_\_\_\_
4. countryside \_\_\_\_\_
5. ocean \_\_\_\_\_
6. forest \_\_\_\_\_
7. wood, woodland \_\_\_\_\_
8. city \_\_\_\_\_
9. town, village \_\_\_\_\_
10. farm \_\_\_\_\_
11. earth \_\_\_\_\_
12. sand \_\_\_\_\_
13. museum \_\_\_\_\_
14. vacation \_\_\_\_\_
15. island \_\_\_\_\_

## Grammaire

Give the correct French translation for each sentence.

### **bon vs. bien**

\_\_\_\_\_

*He is a good student.*

\_\_\_\_\_

*He studies well.*

---

*He studied well.*

**mauvais vs. mal**

---

*Excuse my bad French.*

---

*I speak French badly.*

---

*I spoke French badly.*

# 13. Treizième Leçon

# Quiz

## Vocabulaire

1. so, thus, therefore \_\_\_\_\_
2. so, then (adv.) \_\_\_\_\_
3. after (prep.) ; afterwards, later (adv.) ; after (conj.) \_\_\_\_\_
4. by \_\_\_\_\_
5. for \_\_\_\_\_
6. same \_\_\_\_\_
7. everywhere \_\_\_\_\_
8. actress \_\_\_\_\_
9. butcher \_\_\_\_\_
10. artist \_\_\_\_\_
11. baker \_\_\_\_\_
12. engineer \_\_\_\_\_
13. nurse \_\_\_\_\_
14. waiter/waitress \_\_\_\_\_
15. writer \_\_\_\_\_

## Grammaire

Conjugate **chanter** in the imparfait:

_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____

Give the French sentence:

---

*I used to drink coffee.*

---

*She was eating when the telephone rang.*

---

*He always wore a hat.*

---

*It was cold.*

# 14. Quatorzième Leçon

# Quiz

## Vocabulaire

1. brilliant \_\_\_\_\_
2. terrific \_\_\_\_\_
3. great \_\_\_\_\_
4. fabulous \_\_\_\_\_
5. okay \_\_\_\_\_
6. no problem \_\_\_\_\_
7. See there! There you have it! \_\_\_\_\_
8. watch out! \_\_\_\_\_
9. exactly \_\_\_\_\_
10. easy does it (literally, softly) \_\_\_\_\_
11. of course \_\_\_\_\_
12. so much the worse; too bad \_\_\_\_\_
13. so much the better; good \_\_\_\_\_
14. never; not in this lifetime \_\_\_\_\_

## Grammaire

Give the **imparfait** of :

**avoir**

**être**

---

---

---

---

---

---



---

---

---

---

---

---

Fill in the correct French sentence, using either the **imparfait** or the **passé composé**:

---

*I went to school on Wednesday.*

---

*My father used to drink coffee.*

---

*You were tired.*

---

*We were at home when the telephone rang.*

# 15. Quinzième Leçon

# Quiz

## Vocabulaire

1. before\_\_\_\_\_
2. under\_\_\_\_\_
3. next to, beside\_\_\_\_\_
4. at the home of\_\_\_\_\_
5. against\_\_\_\_\_
6. without\_\_\_\_\_
7. approximately\_\_\_\_\_
8. until, even, up to\_\_\_\_\_
9. near\_\_\_\_\_
10. far\_\_\_\_\_
11. high, tall\_\_\_\_\_
12. low\_\_\_\_\_
13. around\_\_\_\_\_
14. to hope\_\_\_\_\_

## Grammaire

Give the correct **avoir** expression.

to be warm\_\_\_\_\_

to be thirsty\_\_\_\_\_

to have a headache\_\_\_\_\_

to be afraid \_\_\_\_\_

to be lucky \_\_\_\_\_

to feel like (having) \_\_\_\_\_

to intend to do \_\_\_\_\_

to need \_\_\_\_\_

to be right \_\_\_\_\_

to be wrong \_\_\_\_\_

How old are you? \_\_\_\_\_

# 16. Seizième Leçon

# Quiz

## Vocabulaire

1. century, age \_\_\_\_\_
2. era; the times \_\_\_\_\_
3. king \_\_\_\_\_
4. realm, kingdom \_\_\_\_\_
5. queen \_\_\_\_\_
6. soldier \_\_\_\_\_
7. war \_\_\_\_\_
8. weak \_\_\_\_\_
9. to convince \_\_\_\_\_
10. victory \_\_\_\_\_
11. witch \_\_\_\_\_
12. to burn \_\_\_\_\_
13. battle \_\_\_\_\_
14. heir apparent; crown prince \_\_\_\_\_

## Grammaire

Give the correct expression using **faire**.

What's the weather? \_\_\_\_\_

It's cold (outside). \_\_\_\_\_

It's 20 degrees. \_\_\_\_\_

It's good. \_\_\_\_\_

It's windy. \_\_\_\_\_

It's daytime. \_\_\_\_\_

to pay attention \_\_\_\_\_

to do errands \_\_\_\_\_

to become acquainted \_\_\_\_\_

to take a trip \_\_\_\_\_

# 17. Dix-septième Leçon

# Quiz

## Vocabulaire

1. to find\_\_\_\_\_
2. obvious, evident\_\_\_\_\_
3. to establish, to found\_\_\_\_\_
4. to call\_\_\_\_\_
5. port, harbor\_\_\_\_\_
6. a Gaul\_\_\_\_\_
7. to fall\_\_\_\_\_
8. the Middle Ages\_\_\_\_\_
9. cave, cavern\_\_\_\_\_
10. to send\_\_\_\_\_
11. to conquer, to vanquish\_\_\_\_\_
12. Africa\_\_\_\_\_
13. Asia\_\_\_\_\_
14. a drug\_\_\_\_\_

## Grammaire

Use the correct form of the appropriate verb :

---

*I know grammar.*

---

*He knows the vocabulary of lesson 15 by heart.*

---

*I know Nicole.*

---

*We know how to knit.*

---

*He knows (is familiar with) the vocabulary.*

Fill in the correct verb, **vivre** or **habiter**.

Nous \_\_\_\_\_ dans un appartement.

Nous \_\_\_\_\_ une bonne époque.

# 19. Dix-neuvième Leçon

# Quiz

## Vocabulaire

1. famous\_\_\_\_\_
2. fair, exposition\_\_\_\_\_
3. to construct\_\_\_\_\_
4. meter (approx. 3.28 feet)\_\_\_\_\_
5. elevator\_\_\_\_\_
6. stairs\_\_\_\_\_
7. tier, floor level, (building) story\_\_\_\_\_
8. luxury\_\_\_\_\_
9. author\_\_\_\_\_
10. novel\_\_\_\_\_
11. iron\_\_\_\_\_
12. origin, beginning\_\_\_\_\_
13. people\_\_\_\_\_
14. building\_\_\_\_\_
15. paint; painting; picture\_\_\_\_\_

## Grammaire

List the disjunctive pronouns:

- (me, I)\_\_\_\_\_      nous (us, we)\_\_\_\_\_
- (you, sing.)\_\_\_\_\_      (you, pl.)\_\_\_\_\_



(oneself) \_\_\_\_\_

(him, he) \_\_\_\_\_

(them, they, m.) \_\_\_\_\_

(her, she) \_\_\_\_\_

(them, they, f.) \_\_\_\_\_

Give the following sentences in correct French:

\_\_\_\_\_

*He and she are going to the Eiffel Tower.*

\_\_\_\_\_

*We are going to their house.*

\_\_\_\_\_

*I prefer chocolate.*

\_\_\_\_\_

*We are staying here.*

# 20. Vingtième Leçon

# Quiz

## Vocabulaire

1. playwright\_\_\_\_\_
2. to be born\_\_\_\_\_
3. to die\_\_\_\_\_
4. during, in the course of\_\_\_\_\_
5. play (theater piece); piece; part; bit\_\_\_\_\_
6. however\_\_\_\_\_
7. a work\_\_\_\_\_
8. most celebrated, most famous\_\_\_\_\_
9. subject\_\_\_\_\_
10. knight\_\_\_\_\_
11. history; story\_\_\_\_\_
12. wife, spouse\_\_\_\_\_
13. false\_\_\_\_\_
14. true\_\_\_\_\_
15. to mock, to make fun of\_\_\_\_\_
16. chief work, masterpiece\_\_\_\_\_

## Grammaire

Conjugate **s'asseoir** and **se lever** in the present tense, using the correct reflexive pronouns.

**s'asseoir**

---

---

---

---

---

---

**se lever**

---

---

---

---

---

---

# 21. Vingt et unième Leçon

# Quiz

## Vocabulaire

1. to unite\_\_\_\_\_
2. philosopher\_\_\_\_\_
3. scientist\_\_\_\_\_
4. founder\_\_\_\_\_
5. quotation, quote\_\_\_\_\_
6. schedule\_\_\_\_\_
7. to teach\_\_\_\_\_
8. court\_\_\_\_\_
9. climate\_\_\_\_\_
10. next\_\_\_\_\_
11. chemist\_\_\_\_\_
12. to explain\_\_\_\_\_
13. physicist\_\_\_\_\_
14. to discover\_\_\_\_\_
15. safe, healthy, wholesome\_\_\_\_\_

## Grammaire

Conjugate **s'appeler** in the present, **imparfait** and **passé composé**.

present

je\_\_\_\_\_ nous\_\_\_\_\_

tu \_\_\_\_\_

vous \_\_\_\_\_

il \_\_\_\_\_

ils \_\_\_\_\_

elle \_\_\_\_\_

elles \_\_\_\_\_

imparfait

je \_\_\_\_\_

nous \_\_\_\_\_

tu \_\_\_\_\_

vous \_\_\_\_\_

il \_\_\_\_\_

ils \_\_\_\_\_

elle \_\_\_\_\_

elles \_\_\_\_\_

passé composé

je \_\_\_\_\_

nous \_\_\_\_\_

tu \_\_\_\_\_

vous \_\_\_\_\_

il \_\_\_\_\_

ils \_\_\_\_\_

elle \_\_\_\_\_

elles \_\_\_\_\_

# 22. Vingt-deuxième Leçon

# Quiz

## Vocabulaire

1. to rule, reign \_\_\_\_\_
2. to cause \_\_\_\_\_
3. pain, suffering \_\_\_\_\_
4. to marry \_\_\_\_\_
5. to carry out \_\_\_\_\_
6. to convert (+ se = to be converted to) \_\_\_\_\_
7. to force \_\_\_\_\_
8. equally \_\_\_\_\_
9. to reestablish/establish \_\_\_\_\_
10. peace \_\_\_\_\_
11. road \_\_\_\_\_
12. to improve \_\_\_\_\_
13. edict, law \_\_\_\_\_
14. the majority, the most \_\_\_\_\_
15. food \_\_\_\_\_
16. to give back, return \_\_\_\_\_

## Grammaire

Give the correct interrogative pronoun.

1. \_\_\_\_\_ parle? *Who is speaking?*

2. \_\_\_\_\_ avez-vous envoyé la letter? *To whom did you send the letter ?*
3. \_\_\_\_\_ est ici? *Who is here?*
4. \_\_\_\_\_ voulez-vous boire? *What do you want to drink?*
5. \_\_\_\_\_ ce passé? *What's happening?*
6. \_\_\_\_\_ payez-vous? *With what are you paying?*
7. \_\_\_\_\_ veut boire du lait? *Who wants to drink milk?*
8. \_\_\_\_\_ veut boire du lait? *Who is it who wants to drink milk?*
9. \_\_\_\_\_ dites-vous? *What are you saying?*
10. \_\_\_\_\_ vous dites? *What is it that you're saying?*
11. \_\_\_\_\_ c'est? *What is that?*
12. \_\_\_\_\_ s'est cassé? *What broke?*

# 23. Vingt-troisième Leçon

# Quiz

## Vocabulaire

1. river\_\_\_\_\_
2. in fact\_\_\_\_\_
3. Roman (adjective) (capitalized if noun)\_\_\_\_\_
4. especially\_\_\_\_\_
5. business, enterprise\_\_\_\_\_
6. the manufacture (of), the making (of)\_\_\_\_\_
7. silk\_\_\_\_\_
8. gastronomy (the art of good eating)\_\_\_\_\_
9. to revolt, to rebel\_\_\_\_\_
10. a worker\_\_\_\_\_
11. rights\_\_\_\_\_
12. change\_\_\_\_\_
13. that is to say, that means\_\_\_\_\_
14. a star (famous person)\_\_\_\_\_
15. the beginning\_\_\_\_\_

## Grammaire

Give the French sentence, using the **passé récent**.

1. \_\_\_\_\_  
*We've just read three books.*

2. \_\_\_\_\_  
*I just studied math.*



3. \_\_\_\_\_  
*She just began to run errands.*

4. \_\_\_\_\_  
*You just began to study.*

# 25. Vingt-cinquième Leçon

# Quiz

## Vocabulaire

1. to interrupt
2. defeat
3. arch
4. to achieve, complete
5. star
6. to measure
7. world wide
8. tomb
9. flame
10. event
11. parade
12. glory
13. face
14. to repose, to rest

## Grammaire

Answer the question or rewrite the statement using **en** or **y**.

1. Vous mangez au restaurant ce soir? \_\_\_\_\_
2. Nous allons au cinéma. \_\_\_\_\_
3. Avez-vous d'argent? \_\_\_\_\_
4. J'ai envie d'une pâtisserie. \_\_\_\_\_

5. J'ai douze cousins. \_\_\_\_\_

6. J'ai beaucoup de cousins. \_\_\_\_\_

# 26. Vingt-sixième Leçon

# Quiz

## Vocabulaire

1. to dedicate \_\_\_\_\_
2. adventure \_\_\_\_\_
3. all alone \_\_\_\_\_
4. to admire \_\_\_\_\_
5. both \_\_\_\_\_
6. to encourage \_\_\_\_\_
7. dream \_\_\_\_\_
8. numerous \_\_\_\_\_
9. title \_\_\_\_\_
10. to spend \_\_\_\_\_
11. to avoid \_\_\_\_\_
12. plot (of a story) \_\_\_\_\_
13. to add \_\_\_\_\_
14. exciting, fascinating \_\_\_\_\_
15. a debt \_\_\_\_\_

## Grammaire

Circle the correct word.

1. J'ai voyage pendant deux jours/journées.
2. J'ai voyagé toute la jour/journée.

3. L'enfant a deux ans/années.
4. L'an/L'année dernière, j'ai réussi mes examens.
5. J'ai bien dormi hier soir/soirée.
6. Je mangerai demain matin/matinée.
7. Tous les matins/matinées, je mange du pain.

# 27. Vingt-septième Leçon

# Quiz

## Vocabulaire

1. a painter\_\_\_\_\_
2. marble\_\_\_\_\_
3. sculptor\_\_\_\_\_
4. (adj.) realistic; (noun) a realist\_\_\_\_\_
5. also, equally\_\_\_\_\_
6. wild\_\_\_\_\_
7. manner, style\_\_\_\_\_
8. a composer\_\_\_\_\_
9. a pen name; pseudonym\_\_\_\_\_
10. some/certain ones (pronoun)\_\_\_\_\_
11. actually, truly, really\_\_\_\_\_
12. to detest, to hate\_\_\_\_\_
13. poetry\_\_\_\_\_
14. a picture, a painting\_\_\_\_\_

## Grammaire

Fill in the correct word, **sur** or **sous**.

1. Les feutres sont \_\_\_\_\_ le bureau. (*on*)
2. La chaise est \_\_\_\_\_ la table. (*under*)
3. Il arrive \_\_\_\_\_ les dix heures. (*about*)

4. George Sand a écrit \_\_\_\_\_ la poésie. (*on the subject of*)

5. Il était général \_\_\_\_\_ la Révolution. (*at the time of*)

6. Nous marchions \_\_\_\_\_ la pluie. (*in*)

Fill in the correct word, **dessus** or **dessous**.

1. Le bureau est là et les feutres sont \_\_\_\_\_. (*on top*)

2. Voici la table. La chaise est \_\_\_\_\_. (*beneath*)

# 28. Vingt-huit Leçon

# Quiz

## Vocabulaire

1. childhood\_\_\_\_\_
2. easy\_\_\_\_\_
3. Austria\_\_\_\_\_
4. to force\_\_\_\_\_
5. to run away (save oneself), to flee\_\_\_\_\_
6. power\_\_\_\_\_
7. to destroy\_\_\_\_\_
8. throne\_\_\_\_\_
9. to crown; to consecrate\_\_\_\_\_
10. design\_\_\_\_\_
11. fine arts\_\_\_\_\_
12. palace\_\_\_\_\_
13. to revoke\_\_\_\_\_
14. ancestor\_\_\_\_\_
15. to become\_\_\_\_\_

## Grammaire

Put the following words in the correct order.

1. me pas pieds les lave ne me.(*negative statement*)

---

2. vous vous comment appelez (*question*)



---

3. se t appelle il comment (*question*)

---

4. pas vous ne amusez (*command*)

---

5. pas te ne lève (*command*)

---

# 29. Vingt-neuvième Leçon

# Quiz

## Vocabulaire

1. to consider \_\_\_\_\_
2. hard, harsh \_\_\_\_\_
3. a Jew \_\_\_\_\_
4. origin, source, root of \_\_\_\_\_
5. to return (something); to turn over \_\_\_\_\_
6. sometimes \_\_\_\_\_
7. nevertheless, yet \_\_\_\_\_
8. principal \_\_\_\_\_
9. example \_\_\_\_\_
10. to appear \_\_\_\_\_
11. old age \_\_\_\_\_
12. to represent \_\_\_\_\_
13. figure, individual, a character \_\_\_\_\_
14. marvelous, wonderful \_\_\_\_\_

## Grammaire

Choose the correct phrase (**il est** or **c'est**).

1. C'est/Il est facile d'apprendre le français.
2. Vous avez fini vos devoirs ? C'est/Il est impossible à croire !
3. Apprenez-vous le français ? C'est/Il est facile !
4. Il est/ C'est difficile de croire que vous avez fini vos devoirs.

5. C'est/Il est le meilleur restaurant.

6. C'est/Il est français.

7. C'est/Il est stupide, cette idée.

8. C'est/Il est loin.

9. Elle est/C'est jolie, Marianne.

10. C'est/Il est trop loin.

11. C'est/Il est Paul.

12. C'est/Il est à la plage.

# 31. Trente et unième Leçon

# Quiz

## Vocabulaire

1. neighborhood, quarter (of a city)\_\_\_\_\_
2. a jewel\_\_\_\_\_
3. hotel (town house)\_\_\_\_\_
4. priest, abbot/abbess\_\_\_\_\_
5. thermal baths\_\_\_\_\_
6. to acquire\_\_\_\_\_
7. tapestry\_\_\_\_\_
8. unicorn\_\_\_\_\_
9. stained glass windows\_\_\_\_\_
10. close by\_\_\_\_\_
11. to turn\_\_\_\_\_
12. to be found\_\_\_\_\_
13. basement\_\_\_\_\_
14. bank\_\_\_\_\_
15. precious, invaluable\_\_\_\_\_

## Grammaire

Fill in the correct relative pronoun.

**ce qui** or **ce que**

1. Je ne sais pas \_\_\_\_\_ est tombé.

2. Écoutez-vous \_\_\_\_\_ je dis ?

**dont or ce dont**

3. J'ai trouvé \_\_\_\_\_ j'ai besoin.

4. Voici la clé \_\_\_\_\_ j'ai besoin.

**lequel/laquelle or lesquels/lesquelles**

5. Voici les chansons pour \_\_\_\_\_ elle est célèbre.

6. Voilà la chaise sur \_\_\_\_\_ je me suis assis.

# 32. Trente-deuxième Leçon

# Quiz

## Vocabulaire

1. popular\_\_\_\_\_
2. member\_\_\_\_\_
3. advice, counsel\_\_\_\_\_
4. writing\_\_\_\_\_
5. correspondence, letters\_\_\_\_\_
6. dilapidated; in ruins; neglected\_\_\_\_\_
7. to renovate\_\_\_\_\_
8. certainly\_\_\_\_\_
9. to remember\_\_\_\_\_
10. to seem; to appear\_\_\_\_\_
11. to predict\_\_\_\_\_
12. future\_\_\_\_\_
13. swamp (also, neighborhood in Paris)\_\_\_\_\_
14. apartment\_\_\_\_\_

## Grammaire

Conjugate the following verbs in the **futur**.

**chanter**

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

---

**finir**

---

---

---

**prendre**

---

---

---

**avoir**

---

---

---

**être**

# 33. Trente-troisième Leçon

# Quiz

## Vocabulaire

1. just\_\_\_\_\_
2. prominent, eminent, noted\_\_\_\_\_
3. to reject, to throw back\_\_\_\_\_
4. label\_\_\_\_\_
5. including\_\_\_\_\_
6. to search\_\_\_\_\_
7. orchestra\_\_\_\_\_
8. to compose, to put together\_\_\_\_\_
9. youth\_\_\_\_\_
10. to employ, to use\_\_\_\_\_
11. absolutely, completely (idiom)\_\_\_\_\_
12. unique, exceptional, rare\_\_\_\_\_
13. to satisfy\_\_\_\_\_
14. to create\_\_\_\_\_

## Grammaire

Fill in the correct word: **depuis**, **pendant**, or **pour**.

1. J'ai habité Paris \_\_\_\_\_ dix ans.
2. J'habite à Paris \_\_\_\_\_ dix ans.
3. J'habiterai à Paris \_\_\_\_\_ dix ans.



4. J'achète le livre \_\_\_\_\_ vous.

# 34. Trente-quatrième Leçon

# Quiz

## Vocabulaire

1. ruler\_\_\_\_\_
2. to crown\_\_\_\_\_
3. to win\_\_\_\_\_
4. to rise; to go up; to mount\_\_\_\_\_
5. title\_\_\_\_\_
6. spectacular\_\_\_\_\_
7. to conquer\_\_\_\_\_
8. to begin\_\_\_\_\_
9. to adore\_\_\_\_\_
10. to suffer\_\_\_\_\_
11. (as noun) person, people; (as pronoun) no one, nobody\_\_\_\_\_
12. to take back, retake\_\_\_\_\_
13. the rest\_\_\_\_\_
14. genius\_\_\_\_\_
15. to bring\_\_\_\_\_

## Grammaire

Match each **coup** expression with its correct meaning :

- |                      |                                      |
|----------------------|--------------------------------------|
| _____un coup de cœur | a. definitely                        |
| _____coup d'état     | b. extreme anger; a (cardiac) stroke |

____ coup de foudre	c. waste of time
____ coup de main	d. one after another
____ coup d'œil	e. hit by a stroke of lightening; love at first sight
____ coup de sang	f. each/every time
____ coup pour rien	g. a glance
____ à chaque/tout coup	h. revolution ; overthrow of government
____ coup sûr	i. an intense interest or response to something. a heartfelt response.
____ coup sur coup	j. suddenly
____ sur le coup de ( <i>time</i> )	k. helping hand
____ tout à coup	l. around (____ o'clock)

# 35. Trente-cinquième Leçon

# Quiz

## Vocabulaire

1. east \_\_\_\_\_
2. west \_\_\_\_\_
3. north \_\_\_\_\_
4. south \_\_\_\_\_
5. to join \_\_\_\_\_
6. to proclaim \_\_\_\_\_
7. diverse, various \_\_\_\_\_
8. faith \_\_\_\_\_
9. place \_\_\_\_\_
10. place \_\_\_\_\_
11. slave \_\_\_\_\_
12. to finish, to end \_\_\_\_\_
13. a blaze \_\_\_\_\_
14. roof \_\_\_\_\_
15. charming \_\_\_\_\_

## Grammaire

Fill in the correct word, **pour**, **par** or **entre**.

1. Je partirai \_\_\_\_\_ dix jours.
2. Il a trouvé sa chaussure \_\_\_\_\_ le lit et la chaise
3. J'achète le livre \_\_\_\_\_ toi.

4. Nous envoyons cette lettre \_\_\_\_\_ l'inviter.
5. Cette poésie est \_\_\_\_\_ Alfred de Musset.
6. Nous allons au restaurant \_\_\_\_\_ manger.
7. Nous comprenons le français \_\_\_\_\_ l'étude.
8. Je pars \_\_\_\_\_ dix jours.
9. Je sais mes leçons \_\_\_\_\_ cœur.
10. \_\_\_\_\_ toi et moi, il y a d'amitié.
11. Je pars \_\_\_\_\_ la librairie.